

uniform prudent management of institutional funds act

WHY STATES SHOULD ADOPT THE ACT

This 2006 Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act replaces and updates the 1972 Uniform Management of Institutional Funds Act. Its rules govern investment of the funds of charitable organizations and total return expenditure of those funds. It establishes a prudent management investment regime derived from the Uniform Prudent Investor Act (which applies only to trusts) and a prudent total return expenditure based upon performance of the portfolio held by a charitable institution. It also provides for delegation of authority for investment to outside agents and reformation of donor restrictions (cy pres) on funds when these are so outdated that the original objective can no longer be honored.

States should adopt the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act:

- 1. To make sure that the best investment practices govern the actual investment of institutional funds.
- 2. To withdraw obsolete rules governing prudent total return expenditure and provide a modern rule of prudence consistent with the rules that govern investment.
- 3. To eliminate differences in investment and expenditure rules that apply to different types of nonprofit organizations. The same rules govern all under UPMIFA.
- 4. To encourage growth of institutional funds while eliminating investment risks that threaten principal.
- 5. To assure that there are adequate assets in any institutional fund to meet program needs.
- 6. To make the law governing institutional funds uniform in every state.